(Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile

South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities

Non-profit organisation

Directors

ML Schereka ED Diedericks M Smith BA Radcliffe EL Smith

Registered office

24 Montana Way Northpine Brackenfell Cape Town 7560

Postal address

24 Montana Way Northpine Brackenfell Cape Town 7560

Bankers

FNB Bank

Auditors

Haumann Rodger Bellville Incorporated

Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditors Shiraz House

The Vineyards Office Estate 99 Jip de Jager Road

Bellville 7530

Company registration number

2017/224442/08

Tax reference number

9014/989/26/4

Level of assurance

These financial statements have been audited in compliance with the

applicable requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

Preparer

The financial statements were internally compiled by:

JW Trytsman

Chartered Accountant (SA)

Issued

20 August 2020

Northpine City Improvement District NPC (Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

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Level of assurance

These financial statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

Preparer

JW Trytsman Chartered Accountant (SA)

Published

20 August 2020

(Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Directors' Responsibilities and Approval

The directors are required by the Companies Act 71 of 2008, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors' is engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Mediumsized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2021 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, They are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors' is responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors' and their report is presented on page 5.

The financial statements set out on page 7, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on 28 AUGUST 2020 and were signed by:

Director

Director

(Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Directors' Report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the financial statements of Northpine City Improvement District NPC for the year ended 30 June 2020.

1. Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 23 May 2017 and obtained its certificate to commence business on the same day.

2. Nature of business

Northpine City Improvement District NPC was incorporated in South Africa with interests in the non-profit industry. The company operates in South Africa.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the company's business from the prior year.

3. Review of financial results and activities

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the company are set out in these financial statements.

4. Directors

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

ML Schereka
OAJ Kiewietz
ED Diedericks
M Smith
BA Radcliffe
EL Smith

Resigned 28 January 2020

Appointed 10 October 2019

Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

Going concern

The directors believe that the company has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the company is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the company. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the company.

7. Auditors

Haumann Rodger Bellville Incorporated continued in office as auditors for the company for 2020.

At the AGM, the shareholder will be requested to reappoint Haumann Rodger Bellville Incorporated as the independent external auditors of the company and to confirm Mr W Pienaar as the designated lead audit partner for the 2021 financial year.

8. Secretary

The company had no secretary during the current financial year.



Haumann Rodger Bellville Inc. Reg 2008/008838/21
Shiraz House, The Vineyards Office Estates, 99 Jip De Jager Road, Bellville
PO Box 3759, Tyger Valley, 7536, info@haumann.co.za, Tel: 021 913 8152, Fax: 086 680 4020

JW Trytsman CA (SA) W Pienaar CA (SA)

Independent Auditor's Report

To the directors of Northpine City Improvement District NPC

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Northpine City Improvement District NPC set out on pages 7 to 14, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Northpine City Improvement District NPC as at 30 June 2020, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Parts A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report and the Statement of Comprehensive Income as required by the Companies Act 71 of 2008, which we obtained prior to the date of this report. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the
 audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
 significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on
 the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause
 the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Haumann Rodger Bellville Incorporated

W Pienaar Partner

Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditor

28 August 2020

Date Shiraz House The Vineyards Office Estate 99 Jip de Jager Road Bellville 7530

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2020	2019
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			2
Property, plant and equipment	2	428,079	519,268
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	688,501	415,150
Total Assets		1,116,580	934,418
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Retained income		1,098,590	885,690
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	4	17,990	48,728
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,116,580	934,418

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2020	2019
Revenue			
Rendering of services		2,052,583	1,900,466
Other income			
Donations	*	3,890	19
Operating expenses			
Accounting fees		24,000	23,950
Advertising		7,793	18,676
Auditors remuneration	7	12,420	11,500
Bank charges		4,448	5,151
Beautifying		22,064	42,000
Cleaning		127,897	83,399
Computer expenses		3,477	13,631
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		144,567	121,493
Employee costs		190,191	185,544
Entertainment		2,230	65
Insurance		20,554	11,269
Meeting expenses		3,486	400
Minor tools and equipment		1,473	33#
Motor vehicle expenses		735	10 0
Printing and stationery		3,795	6,215
Protective clothing		· ·	1,684
Public safety		1,244,341	1,138,088
Repairs and maintenance		1,500	320
SARS interest and penalties		10,020	1,856
Secretarial expenses		<u>.</u>	900
Social upliftment		6,867	3-
Staff welfare		-	4,753
Telephone and fax		7,200	6,480
Travel - local		4,515	2,508
		1,843,573	1,679,817
Profit for the year		212,900	220,649
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the year		212,900	220,649

Statement of Changes in Equity

Figures in Rand	Retained income	Total equity
Balance at 01 July 2018	665,041	665,041
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	220,649	220,649
Total comprehensive income for the year	220,649	220,649
Balance at 01 July 2019	885,690	885,690
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	212,900	212,900
Total comprehensive income for the year	212,900	212,900
Balance at 30 June 2020	1,098,590	1,098,590

Statement of Cash Flows

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	8	326,729	385,647
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(53,378)	(139,352)
Total cash movement for the year Cash at the beginning of the year		273,351 415,150	246,295 168,855
Total cash at end of the year	3	688,501	415,150

(Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Companies Act 71 of 2008. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for biological assets at fair value less point of sale costs, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the company holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing an asset and restoring the site on which it is located is also included in the cost of property, plant and equipment, when such dismantling, removal and restoration is obligatory.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the company.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Office equipment	Straight line	5 years
IT equipment	Straight line	3 years
Camera equipment	Straight line	5 years

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Accounting Policies

1.2 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as leave pay and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

1.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods to the buyer, or has rendered services under an agreement provided the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and discounts.

Interest is recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

Northpine City Improvement District NPC (Registration number: 2017/224442/08)

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2020	2019

2. Property, plant and equipment

		2020			2019	
	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Office equipment	4,956	(1,982)	2,974	4,956	(991)	3,965
IT equipment	25,973	(18,184)	7,789	16,376	(11,568)	4,808
Camera equipment	589,973	(227,892)	362,081	546,192	(113,111)	433,081
Camera equipment - donated	110,893	(55,657)	55,236	110,893	(33,478)	77,415
Total	731,795	(303,715)	428,080	678,417	(159,148)	519,269

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2020

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Office equipment	3,965	-	(991)	2,974
IT equipment	4,808	9,597	(6,616)	7,789
Camera equipment	433,081	43,781	(114,781)	362,081
Camera equipment - donated	77,415	Œ	(22,179)	55,236
	519,269	53,378	(144,567)	428,080

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Bank balances	688,501	415,150
4. Trade and other payables		
Payroll accruals Trade payables VAT	16,000 - 1,990	34,553 13,289 886
	17,990	48,728
5. Revenue		
Rendering of services	2,052,583	1,900,466
6. Other income		

As at 30 June 2020 the total retention held by the City of Cape Town amounted to R63,482.00

7. Auditor's remuneration

Donations

12,420 11,500 Fees

3,890

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2020	2019
8. Cash generated from operations		
Profit before taxation	212,900	220,649
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Rounding of cash flow	144,567 -	121,493 2
Changes in working capital: Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables	(30,738)	15,775 27,728
	326,729	385,647
9. Directors' and prescribed officer's remuneration		
Prescribed officers		
2020		
MD Adriaanse	Emoluments 190,191	Total 190,191

10. Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.